



UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

Abstract

General and Academic - Faculty of Humanities - Question Bank of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes wef 2019 Admn onwards - Implemented - Subject to ratification by the Academic Council - Orders issued

G & A - IV - B

U.O.No. 16267/2021/Admn

Dated, Calicut University.P.O, 12.11.2021

*Read:-*1. U.O.No. 8672/2021/Admndated 01.09.2021.

2. Minutes of the meeting of Board of Studies in Political Science UG held on 19.10.2021
3. Remarks of the Dean, Faculty of Humanities dated 06.11.2021.
4. Orders of the Vice Chancellor dated 10.11.2021.

ORDER

1. The Syllabus of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes wef 2019 Admission onwards has been implemented, vide paper read (1) above.
2. The Board of Studies in Political Science UG, vide paper read (2) above, has resolved to approve the question bank for the Ability enhancement Course/Audit course –“HUMAN RIGHTS” for the III Semester CBCSS-(UG)Programmes, w e f 2019 Admission onwards.
3. The Dean, Faculty of Humanities vide paper read (3) above has approved the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 19.10.2021.
4. Considering the urgency, the Vice Chancellor has approved the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 19.10.2021 and has accorded sanction to implement the Question Bank of the Audit Course- Human Rights, subject to the ratification by the Academic Council.
5. The Question Bank of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes is therefore implemented wef 2019 Admission onwards, subject to the ratification by the Academic Council.
6. Orders are issued accordingly. (Question Bank appended)

Arsad M

Assistant Registrar

To

The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges

Copy to: PS to VC/ PA to Registrar/PA to CE/JCE I/JCE II/JCE III/JCE IV/JCE VIII/ Digital Wing/SF/DF

Forwarded / By Order

Section Officer

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT
ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE/ AUDIT COURSE
AUD3E03 - HUMAN RIGHTS

QUESTION BANK

1. Who wrote the book 'Social Contract'?

A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
2. Who among the following was an exponent of 'absolute monarchy'?

A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
3. "In the state of nature man was selfish, brutish and nasty"-Who said this?

A) Thomas Hobbes B) John Locke C) Rousseau D) Machiavelli
4. Who considered 'General Will' as Sovereign?

A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
5. The Magna Carta was signed in the year--- A) 1340 B) 1251 C) 1215 D) 1420
6. Which king signed the Magna Carta?

A) John B) Charles C) George D) William
7. British Bill of Rights was signed in ----- A) 1629 B) 1689 C) 1688 D) 1712
8. The slogan 'No taxation without Representation' was shouted in which country?

A) America B) France C) Russia D) China
9. The Declaration of American Independence was adopted in the year-----

A) 1776 B) 1668 C) 1778 D) 1791

10. Who drafted the American Declaration of Independence?

A) Woodrow Wilson B) Thomas Jefferson C) Abraham Lincoln D) Franklin Roosevelt

11. The American constitution was drafted in ---- A) 1773 B) 1778 C) 1787 D) 1791

12. When did the first constitutional amendment take place in America?

A) 1773 B) 1778 C) 1787 D) 1791

13. Which constitutional amendment prohibits slavery in America?

A) 12th B) 14th C) 13th D) 15th

14. The 'Declaration of the Rights of Men' was adopted in which country?

A) America B) France C) Canada D) Britain

15. Whose philosophy inspired more to the French revolution?

A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes

16. When did the French Revolution occur?

A) 1787 B) 1789 C) 1991 D) 1688

17. "Men are born and equal in rights"-Who said this?

A) T.H. Green B) Bentham C) Rousseau D) John Locke

18. Which approach emphasises on self-determination and economic development?

A) Liberal approach B) Third world approach

C) Feminist approach D) Marxist approach

19. Socialist approach emphasized on -----

A) Economic and Social Rights B) civil and political rights

C) Cultural rights D) Environmental rights

20. What is the central idea of western approach?

A) Economic and social rights B) Fundamental individualism

C) Cultural rights D) Social development

21. Marxist concept of human rights put emphasis on -----

A) Individual rights B) Cultural rights

C) Social rights D) Personal rights

22. Which is the U.N day?

A) 24th September B) 24th October C) 10th December D) 14th November

23. The UDHR was passed by the General Assembly on ----- A) 24thOctober B)
10th December

C) 24th November D) 26th January

24. Which among the following is a First Generation Right?

A) Economic Rights B) Social Rights C) Political Rights D) Cultural rights

25. How many Articles are there in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?

A) 30 B) 34 C) 50 D) 45

26. Human Rights Day is celebrated on ----- A) 14th November B) 24th October

C) 10th December ,D) 1st January

27. Where is the Head Quarters of UNESCO?

A) Geneva B) Washington C) New York D) Paris

28. I.L. O was formed in the year----- A) 1945 B) 1920 C) 1950 D) 1919

29. Who was the first chairman of the Commission on Human Right?

A) Eleanor Roosevelt B) Woodrow Wilson

C) Thomas Jefferson D) Thomas Paine

30. Civil and Political rights are considered as -----generation Rights

A) Third generation B) Second generation

C) First generation D) none of these

31. When was the Paris Peace Conference held?

A) 1917 B) 1918 C) 1919 D) 1920

32. Where was the headquarters of the League of Nations?

A) Paris B) Geneva C) Moscow D) New York

33."Peace can be established only if it is based upon social justice"-Which

Organization proclaimed this?

A) UNESCO B) UNICEF C) ILO D) FAO

34. When was the UNESCO formed?

A) 1946 B) 1950 C) 1956 D) 1962

35. Where is the headquarters of the WHO?

A) Paris B) New York C) Geneva D) Washington

36. "All human beings are born equal in dignity and rights ". In which Document this statement contain?

A) ICCPR B) ICESCR C) UDHR D) NHRC

37. Who is the father of International Law?

A) Hugo Grotius B) Jeremy Bentham C) T.H. Green D) H. J. Laski

38. When was the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights adopted?

A) 1976 B) 1948 C) 1956 D) 1986

39. How many Articles are there in the ICESER?

A) 30 B) 31 C) 32 D) 34

40. Which Right is mentioned in the Article 1 of the ICESER?

A) Right to self-determination B) Right to life

C) Right to Property D) Right to Peace

41. Name the Act which prescribed for the National Human Rights commission

A) Human rights Act B) Protection of human rights Act

C) Right to Information Act D) Protection of Minorities Act

42. Which among the following is third generation right

A) Cultural rights B) Environmental Rights

C) Political Right D) Economic Rights

43. Which were the two words included in the preamble of Indian constitution through 42nd

amendment?

A) Democracy and federalism B) Secularism and socialism

C) Nationalism and secularism D) Secularism and democracy

44. Which amendment to the constitution gave precedence to DPSP over FR

A) 42nd amendment B) 44th amendment C) 56th amendment D) 66th amendment

45. The six freedoms of Indian citizens have been enshrined in--- A) Article 19 B) Article 22

C) Article 21, D) Article 32

46. Which one of the following was wrongly listed in the group of

Freedom under article 19

A) Freedom of assembly, B) Freedom of religion

C) Freedom of movement D) Freedom of residence

47. Writ issued the court directing to a person to perform public duties is----- A)
Habeas Corpus ,

B) Mandamus C) Certiorari. D) Prohibition

48. In which article of the Indian Constitution, the Right to Education is
incorporated?

A) Article 19 B) article 21 C) Article 21A D) Article 29

49. Right to information Act was passed in.....

A) 2005 B) 2000 C) 1995 D) 1998

50. PUCL stands for?

A) People Union for Cultural Liberty B) People's Union for Civil Liberties

C) People's Union for Civil Law D) None of the above

51. "Habeas Corpus" means?

A) Have you the body B) produce the body

C) Find out the person D) release the person

52. Which Article awards freedom of Press in India?

A) 51A B) 19(1)a C) 25 D) 32

53. The constitutional amendment to right to education was passed in ---- A) 2005 B)
2009 C) 2002

D) 2011

54. PIL stands for:

A) Private Interest Litigation B) Public Interest Litigation

C) Public International Law D) Public institute of law

55. Fundamental rights are----- rights

A) Non- Justiciable rights B) Moral Rights C) justiciable Rights D) Legal rights

56. Liberty without -----is meaningless.

A) Right B) Fraternity C) Duties D) Equality

57. Article 17 of Indian constitution deals with—

A) Abolition of untouchability B) Abolition of Titles

C) Right to Freedom D) Right to Religion

58. Right to life is guaranteed in Indian constitution in article

A) 19 B) 28 C) 21 D) 32

59. Right to family is ensured in article-----of UDHR

A) 21 B) 14 C) 28 D) 16

60. Right to work is incorporated in part-----of Indian constitution

A) IIIrd part B) VIth part C) VII th part D) IV-DPSP

61. Right to resistance is a-----right

A) Civil B) economic C) Political D) Social

62. Who is the chairman of the committee which recommends the chairman?

and members of NHRC to the president?

A) President B) Finance Minister

C) Prime Minister. D) Home Minister

63. Who shall be the chairman of the NHRC?

A) Supreme Court Judge B) Supreme Court chief Justice

C) High Court Chief Justice D) Highcourt Judge

64. How many members are there in the MHRC including the Chairman?

A) Five B) Four C) Seven D) Two

65. MHRC is a -----body.

A) Queasy-judicial B) Judicial C) Executive D) Legislative

66. Which Article of the Protection of Human Rights Act prescribes for

Human Rights courts?

A) Article 12 B) Article 16 C) Article 31 D) Article 13

67. Which conference highlighted the international concern over violence against women?

A) Mexico B) Beijing C) Nairobi D) Copenhagen

68. When was the Nairobi conference held?

A) 1975 B) 1985 C) 1980 D) 1990

69. Where was the fourth world conference on women held?

A) Nairobi B) Copenhagen C) Vienna D) Beijing

70. When was the National Commission on women constituted in India?

A) 1975 B) 1975 C) 1980 D) 1992

71. When was the first Dowry Prohibition Act passed in India?

A) 1972 B) 1960 C) 1961 D) 1975

72. Which Declaration asserts “mankind owes to the child the best it has to give” ?

A) Universal Declaration of Human Rights B) the Declaration of the rights of the child

C) America Declaration of Independence D) French Declaration of the Rights of the Men

73. When did the Declaration of the Rights of the Child pass by the UN?

A) 1959 B) 1962 C) 1965 D) 1970

74. Which international Fund provides assistance to children?

A) UNESCO B) WHO C) UNICEF D) FAO

75. Which year was observed as international Year of the Child?

A) 1975 B) 1980 C) 1983 D) 1979

76. When was the convention on right of the child came into force?

A) 1980 B) 1978 C) 1990 D) 1993

77. Which article of the Indian Constitution prohibit hazardous jobs to children?

A) Article 20 B) Article 28 C) Article 21 D)Article 24

78. Which Act requires for the establishment of 'special homes' for children?

A) The Declaration of Human Rights Act B) Child Protection Act

C) Juvenile Justice Act. D) None of the above

79. When was the Juvenile Justice Act enacted?

A) 1992 B)2000 C) 1998 D) 2002

80. When was the Right to information Act passed?

A) 2000 B) 2005 C) 2008 D) 2009

81. What is the time limit to give reply to the applicant under RTI act?

A)20 days B) 22 days C) 30 days D) 40 days

82. What is the fee to apply under RTI Act

A) Rupees 10 B) Rupees 50 C) Rupees 30 D) Rupees 100

83. The power of the judiciary to nullify the law is known as ----- A) Judicial Activism,

B) Judicial Review , C) Judicial Clarification, D) None of the above

84. Who among the following is connected with PIL?

A) Justice Tharkunde B) Justice V. R Krishna Iyer

C) Justice Basant D) none of these

85. Sardar Sarovar Project is in -----river
- A) Narmada river. B) Yamuna river
- C) Kaveri river D) None of these
86. When was the PUCLDR formed?
- A) 1976 B) 200 C) 2004 D) 1987
87. Who is the leader of NBA?
- A) Arundathy Roy B) Metha Padker
- C) Kanshi Ram D) None of these
88. Chipko movement was against----- A) Scarcity of Water B) cutting the trees
- C) Pollution Issue D) None of these
89. Which movement focused on the displacement and rehabilitation?
- A) Chipko Movement B) Narmada Bachavo Andolan
- C) Mithani movement D) None of these
90. Child rights are protected in article -----of ICCPR
- A) 20 B) 16 C) 23 D) 24
91. UN observed International year of women in-----
- A) 1995 B) 1980 C) 1990 D) 1975
92. Declaration of the rights of the child was on-----

A) 1945 B) 1950 C) 1953 D) 1952

93. Optional protocol to the Covenant on Civil and Political Rights was adopted in---

A) 1976 B) 1965

C) 1966 D) 1965

94. Right to privacy is a-----right

A) Political right B) Social right C) Economic right D) Civil right

95. Child rights are protected in article -----of UDHR

A) 25(2) B) 28 C) 18 D) 19

96. Which article of Indian constitution ensures the protection of childhood and youth

Against exploitation

A) 24 B) 39(1) C) 41 D) 45

97. Indian constitution article -----prohibits traffic in human beings

Including children

A) 24 B) 28 C) 45 D) (23)

98. Which institution protect the interest of the minorities

A) The National Minority commission B) SC/ST Commission

C) Women Commission D) Human Rights Commission

99. The Constitutional Amendment Right to Education was passed in ...?

A) 2005 B) 2009 C) 2002 D) 2011

100. Who is the exponent of Ideal Theory of Rights ?

A) Bentham B) Hobbes C) T H Green D) Rousseau

101. Human Rights entitles to.....?

A) Comfort B) Convenience C) Decent, Civilised and Dignified life

D) Guarantee of Existence

102. Article 21 of the Indian Constitution provides for ?

A) Right to die. B) Right to subsist. C) Right to life and Personal Liberty.

D) Right to lively and liberal life.

103. The framers of the Indian Constitution borrowed the concept of Fundamental rights from

the Constitution of ?

A) USA B) UK C) Ireland D) Canada

104. UN Charter had been adopted at San Francisco on?

A) June 23, 1945 B) June 25, 1945 C) June 27, 1945 D) June 29, 1945

105. Which of the following is not correct?

A) Human rights are universal B) Human rights are subjective C) Human

Rights are constitutional D) Human rights are incontrovertible

106. Right to Education is guaranteed under Article?

A)14 B) 19 C) 21-A D)21

107. The protection of Human Rights Acts in India was enacted in the year?

A)1993 B) 1994 C) 1995 D)1996

108. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted on ?

A) December 1, 1948 B) December 10, 1948 C) December 11,1948

D) December 31, 1948

109. which of the following is not a UN agency?

A) UNICEF B) UNESCO C) WTO D) ILO

110. When was International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights passed ?

A) 1966 B)1990 C) 1956 D)1986

111. "Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction" was written by ?

A) Harold J Laski B) V R Krishna Iyer C) Upendra Baxi

D) Andrew Clapham

112. Generally rights are classified in to civil.....rights ?

A) Social B) Economic C) Political D) Cultural

113. Fundamental rights are ... rights ?

A) Non justiciable rights B) Moral rights C) Justiciable rights

D) Legal rights

114. Article 7 of Indian Constitution deals with ?
- A) Abolition of Untouchability B) Abolition of Titles
- C) Right to freedom D) Right to religion
115. According to.....Theory of Rights, rights are the creation of the state?
- A) Marxist B) Liberal C) Western D) Legal
116. The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) was founded in ?
- A) October 12, 1993 B) September 18, 1993 C) September 22, 1993
- D) September 28, 1993
117. When was the Protection of Human Rights Acts passed in India?
- A) 2003 B) 1993 C) 2005 D) 1997)
118. The Magna Carta was signed in the year ?
- A) 1340 B)1251 C) 1215 D) 1420
119. The SCs and STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act enacted in?
- A) 11th September, 1989 B) 12th September, 1989 C) 21st September, 1989
- D) 22nd September, 1989
120. UN observed International Year of Women in?
- A)1995 B) 1980 C) 1990 D)1975
121. When was the Protection of Women from the Domestic Violence Act enacted in India ?

A) 2003 B) 2002 C) 2005 D) 2006

122. "All human beings are born equal in dignity and rights": In which document this statement contain?

A) ICCPR B) ICESCR C) UDHR D) NHRC

123. Article 29 and Article 30 of Indian constitution provides for ?

A) Social and Political rights B) Cultural and Educational rights

C) religious and Cultural rights D) Economic and Legal rights

124. How many articles in the UDHR ?

A) 30 B) 40 C) 50 D) 60

125. Public Interest Litigation means ?

A) Litigation for the protection of the public interest

B) Litigation for the protection of the private interest

C) Litigation for the protection of the religious interest

D) Litigation for the protection of the social interest

126. Which Writ is used by the court, directing to a person to perform public duties ?

A) Mandamus B) Certiorari C) Habeas Corpus D) Prohibition

127. Who criticised Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen of the bourgeoisie

Ideology?

A) Rousseau B) John Locke C) Hegel D) Karl Marx

128. Human rights are a....?

A) Eastern Cultural concept B) Western Cultural concept

C) Third world concept D) Marxian concept

129. "Right is a claim recognised by the society and enforced by the state", who said ?

A) Herbert Spencer B) Harold Laski

C) T.H Green D) Robert Dahl

130. Liberty, Equality, Fraternity are the slogans of..?

A) American Revolution B) French Revolution

C) Russian Revolution D) Glorious Revolution

131. Right to Life is guaranteed in Indian Constitution in article ?

A) 19 B) 21 C) 28 D) 32

132. Right to Resistance is a?

A) Civil B) Economic C) Social D) Political

133. Legal Theory of Rights was propounded by ?

A) Hobbes B) Grotious C) John Austin d) Jeremy Bentham

134. Who was the first person to use the term Dalit in the context of Dalit movement in

India ?

- A) Mahatma Gandhi B) B R Ambedkar
- C) Narayana Guru D) Jyotiba Phule

135. National Women Commission is abody ?

- A) Statutory B) Constitutional C) Executive D) Judicial

136. Which Article of the Protection of Human Rights Act prescribes for human rights courts?

- A) Article 12 B) Article 16 C) Article 31 D) Article 13

137. Who appoint the Chairman of the NHRC ?

- A) Prime Minister B) Supreme Court Chief justice
- C) President of India D) None of these

138. Human Rights are for men to live as a.....?

- A) Citizen B) Human being C) Superman D) Ordinary man

139. Which among the following is a Third Generation Right ?

- A) Cultural Rights B) Environmental Rights
- C) Political Rights D) Economic Rights

140. Right to Peace is a....generation right ?

A) Third Generation B) Second Generation

C) First Generation D)None of these

141. Concept of “jus gentium” derived from

A. Roman C. Persian

B. Greek D. Egyptian

142. Which of the following best protects human rights in India?

A. The Bill of Rights B. The International Declaration of Human Rights

C. Indian Constitution D. Magna Carta

143. Who said state is known by the rights that it maintains?

A. Laski C. John Lock

B. J.J Rousseau D. Karl Marx

144. International Women s day is observed

A. Dec 8 C. March 8

B. May 8 D. Jan 9

145. Who said no rights without law no rights contrary to law

A. Bentham B. Lock

C. Karl Marx D. Thomas Hobbes

146. Right to freedom is granted by:

A. Article-19 B. Article-15

C. Article-20 D. Article-21

147. Freedom of Religion is included in

A. Article-25-27 B. Article-25-28

C. Article-26-29 D. Article-24-27

148. Fundamental duties of Indian citizens are contained in

A. Part I of the Indian Constitution

B. Part III of the Indian Constitution

C. Part IV-A of the Indian Constitution

D. Part III-A of the Indian Constitution

149. According to the Constitution of India, which one of the following rights cannot be taken away

during emergency

A. Right to speak

B. Right to freedom of movement

C. Right to life

D. Right to Organise

150. Untouchability has been abolished by the Constitution of India under

A. Article-14 B. Article-16

C. Article-15 D. Article-17

151. Sexual harassment of women at work place (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act-2013 is based on which landmark judgment of the Supreme Court of India

- A. Minerva Mill Case B. Shabanu Begum Case
C. Nirbhaya Case . D. Visakha and Others Case.

152. In which Year U N general Assembly adopted its convention on the rights of persons with

Disabilities?

- A. 2006 B. 2016
B. 2008 C. 2009

ANSWERS

1. B, 2.D, 3.A, 4.B, 5.C, 6.A, 7.B, 8.A, 9.A, 10.B,
11. C, 12.D, 13.C, 14.B, 15.B, 16.B, 17.A, 18.A, 19.A, 20.B,
21. C, 22.B, 23.B, 24.C, 25.A, 26.C, 27.B, 28.D, 29.A, 30.C,
31. C, 32.B, 33.A, 34.A, 35.C, 36.C, 37.A, 38.A, 39.B, 40.A,
41. B, 42.B, 43.B, 44.A, 45.A, 46.B, 47.A, 48.C, 49.A,
50.B,

51. A, 52.B, 53.C, 54.B, 55.C, 56.D, 57.A, 58.C, 59.D,
60.D,

61. C, 62.C, 63.B, 64.A, 65.A, 66.C, 67.C, 68.B, 69.D,
70.D,

71. C, 72.B, 73.A, 74.C, 75.D, 76.C, 77.D, 78.A, 79.B,
80.B,

81. C, 82.A, 83.B, 84.B, 85.A, 86.A, 87.B, 88.B, 89.C, 90.D,
91. D, 92.C, 93. C, 94.D, 95.A, 96.B, 97.D, 98.A, 99.C,
100.C,

101. C, 102.C, 103.A, 104.B, 105.C, 106.C, 107.A, 108.B,
109.B, 110.A,

111.D,112.C,113.D,114.A,115.D,116.A,117.A,118.C,119.A
,120.D,

121. C, 122.C, 123.A, 124.A, 125.A, 126.A, 127.D, 128.B,
129.B, 130.B,

131. C, 132.C, 133.A, 134.D, 135.A, 136.C, 137.C, 138.B,
139.B, 140.A, 141. A, 142.C, 143.A, 144.C, 145.A, 146.A,
147.B, 148.C, 149.C, 150.D

151. B, 152. A.